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COUNTRY East Germany SECURITY INFORMATION REPORT NO.

TOPIC Flakkommando (AAA Regiment) of Territorialverwaltung Nord in Pasewalk

25X1 EVALUATION  PLACE OBTAINED  25X1

DATE OF CONTENT 17 March to 2 July 1953

25X1 DATE OBTAINED  DATE PREPARED 27 August 1953

REFERENCES \_\_\_\_\_

PAGES 2 ENCLOSURES (NO. & TYPE) \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS \_\_\_\_\_

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1. The Flakkommando was subordinated to the Territorialverwaltung (TV) Nord (KVPD 4000) in Pasewalk. About early July, it was officially announced that the S-5 Regiment (AAA regiment) was redesignated S-5 Kommando.<sup>1</sup>
2. The S-5 Kommando and the TV Nord alongside with the assigned headquarters units and the D-1 battalion were quartered at one installation in Pasewalk.
3. The S-5 Kommando was organized into the headquarters with 30 officers; the supply company with 4 officers, 8 NCOs and 42 EM; the 1st Bn with 51 officers; 47 NCOs and 294 EM; the 2d Bn with 51 officers, 47 NCOs and 294 EM; and the 3d Bn with 51 officers, 47 NCOs and 294 EM. Six offices were attached to the NCO course, the members of which were detached from the individual companies. Prior to 2 July 1953, each of the three battalions of the regiment comprised a headquarters, a headquarters company and three companies. The companies of the regiment were consecutively numbered from 1 to 9. On 2 July, the 3d Co moved to Erfurt, the 5th Co to Zittau and the 7th Co to Kirchmoesser; consequently each battalion only consisted of 1 headquarters company and 2 gun companies. With this transfer the personnel strength of the S-5 Kommando decreased by 27 officers, 39 NCOs and 252 EM to a total strength of about 166 officers, 110 NCOs and 672 EM.<sup>2</sup>
4. The commanding officer of the unit was Captain Schellenberger (fnu), his first deputy Senior Lieutenant Dietrich (fnu). Commanding officer of the 3d Bn was Lieutenant Schwarz (fnu). About 15 Soviet advisors wearing KVP uniforms were attached to the S-5 Kommando.
5. Originally the S-5 Kommando was equipped with 36 x 85-mm AA guns, of which 12 were sent along with the three companies moved to other places.
6. Ten percent of the EM belonged to the 1935 class, 40 percent to the 1934 class, 20 percent to the 1933 class, 15 percent to the 1932 class, 10 percent to the 1931 class, while 5 percent belonged to older classes. About 30 percent of the EM served longer than three years. Fifty percent of the EM came from Mecklenburg, 20 percent from Saxony, 10 percent from Thuringia, 10 percent from Saxony/Anhalt and the remainder from Brandenburg and Berlin.

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
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7. On 17 June, the unit was alerted. Weapons were issued and soldiers had to sleep in clothes. On 19 June, the alert was lifted. Only the NCO course was employed for the guarding of railroad installations in base area. Topics dealt with in political instructions included: "Churchill Favors a Four-Power Conference", "The Armistice in Korea" and "The Attitude of the French Government toward a Four-Power Conference". The campaign of slander against USA and Western Germany was continued.

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1.  Comment. Such redesignations were effected within the entire KVP.
2.  Comment. The Armeegruppe Nord turned over personnel and weapons to other KVP units which were under strength. The 3d Co of the AAA regiment of Armeegruppe Nord was probably transferred to the AAA instruction regiment of TV 6000 in Gotha and not, as mentioned in the present report, to Erfurt. The 5th Co was probably transferred to the AAA instruction regiment of TV 3000 in Zittau and the 7th Co to the AAA instruction regiment of TV 5000 in Kirchmoos.

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